

#### SAFETY DATA SHEET

Product Name: Amiodarone Hydrochloride Injection

### 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Manufacturer Name And Hospira, Inc.

**Address** 275 North Field Drive

Lake Forest, Illinois 60045

**USA** 

**Emergency Telephone** CHEMTREC: North America: 800-424-9300;

International 1-703-527-3887; Australia - 61-290372994; UK - 44-870-8200418

Hospira, Inc., Non-Emergency 224 212-2000

**Product Name** Amiodarone Hydrochloride Injection

**Synonyms** 2-Butyl-3-benzofuranyl)[4-[2-(diethylamino)ethoxy]-3,5-diiodophenyl]methanone

hydrochloride.

# 2. HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview Amiodarone Hydrochloride Injection is a solution containing amiodarone

hydrochloride, an iodinated benzofuran-derivative antiarrhythmic agent. In clinical use, amiodarone is indicated for the treatment of life-threatening recurrent ventricular arrhythmias. In the workplace, this material should be considered potentially irritating

to the eyes, a potential occupational reproductive hazard, and a potential

photosensitizer. Based on clinical use, possible target organs include the lungs, skin,

liver, central nervous system, cardiovascular system, and thyroid.

#### **U.S. OSHA GHS Classification**

Physical Hazards Hazard Class Hazard Category

Not Classified Not Classified

Health Hazards Hazard Class Hazard Category

Toxic to Reproduction 2 STOT – RE 2 Sensitization – Skin 1

Label Element(s)

Pictogram



Signal Word Warnin

**Hazard Statement(s)** Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

May cause an allergic skin reaction

**Precautionary Statement(s)** 

**Prevention** Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Do not breathe vapor or spray

Wash hands thoroughly after handling

Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace

**Response** Get medical attention if you feel unwell.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists, get medical attention.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical

advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

**Product Name: Amiodarone Hydrochloride Injection** 



## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Active Ingredient NameAmiodarone HydrochlorideChemical Formula $C_{25}H_{20}I_2NO_3 \bullet HCl$ 

Component	Approximate Percent by Weight	CAS Number	RTECS Number
Amiodarone Hydrochloride	5	19774-82-4	OB1361000
Benzyl Alcohol	2	100-51-6	DN3150000
Polysorbate 80	10	9005-65-6	WG2932500

Non-hazardous ingredients include Water for Injection.

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**Eye Contact** Remove from source of exposure. Flush with copious amounts of water. If irritation

persists or signs of toxicity occur, seek medical attention. Provide

symptomatic/supportive care as necessary.

**Skin Contact** Remove from source of exposure. Flush with copious amounts of water. If irritation

persists or signs of toxicity occur, seek medical attention. Provide

symptomatic/supportive care as necessary.

**Inhalation** Remove from source of exposure. If signs of toxicity occur, seek medical attention.

Provide symptomatic/supportive care as necessary.

**Ingestion** Remove from source of exposure. If signs of toxicity occur, seek medical attention.

Provide symptomatic/supportive care as necessary.

#### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammability None anticipated for this product.

Fire & Explosion Hazard None anticipated for this product.

**Extinguishing Media** As with any fire, use extinguishing media appropriate for primary cause of fire such as

carbon dioxide, dry chemical extinguishing powder or foam.

**Special Fire Fighting** 

Procedures

No special provisions required beyond normal firefighting equipment such as flame

and chemical resistant clothing and self contained breathing apparatus.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spill Cleanup and Disposal Isolate area around spill. Put on suitable protective clothing and equipment as

specified by site spill control procedures. Absorb the liquid with suitable material and clean affected area with soap and water. Dispose of spill materials according to the

applicable federal, state, or local regulations.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Handling** No special handling required under conditions of normal product use.

**Storage** No special storage required for hazard control. For product protection, follow storage

recommendations noted on the product case label, the primary container label, or the

product insert.

**Special Precautions**No special precautions required for hazard control.



### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Exposure Guidelines** 

	Exposure Limits			
Component	OSHA-PEL	ACGIH-TLV	AIHA WEEL	Hospira EEL
Amiodarone Hydrochloride	8-hr TWA: Not	8-hr TWA: Not	8-hr TWA: Not	8-hr TWA: Not
	Established	Established	Established	Established
Benzyl Alcohol	8 hr TWA: Not	8 hr TWA: Not	8-hr TWA:	8 hr TWA: Not
	Established	Established	10 ppm	Established
Polysorbate 80	8 hr TWA: Not	8 hr TWA: Not	8 hr TWA: Not	8 hr TWA: Not
	established	Established	Established	Established

Notes: OSHA PEL: US Occupational Safety and Health Administration – Permissible Exposure Limit

ACGIH TLV: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists - Threshold Limit Value.

AIHA WEEL: Workplace Environmental Exposure Level

EEL: Employee Exposure Limit.
TWA: 8-hour Time Weighted Average.
STEL: 15-minute Short Term Exposure Limit.

**Respiratory Protection** Respiratory protection is normally not needed during intended product use. However,

if the generation of aerosols is likely, and engineering controls are not considered adequate to control potential airborne exposures, the use of an approved air-purifying respirator with a HEPA cartridge (N95 or equivalent) is recommended under conditions where airborne aerosol concentrations are not expected to be excessive. For uncontrolled release events, or if exposure levels are not known, provide respirators that offer a high protection factor such as a powered air purifying respirator or supplied air. A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions require respirator use. Personnel who wear respirators should be fit tested and

approved for respirator use as required.

**Skin Protection** If skin contact with the product is likely, the use of latex or nitrile gloves is

recommended.

**Eye Protection** Eye protection is normally not required during intended product use. However, if eye

contact is likely to occur, the use of chemical safety goggles (as a minimum) is

recommended.

**Engineering Controls** Engineering controls are normally not needed during the normal use of this product.

### 9. PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance/Physical State Amiodarone HCl injection is a sterile clear, pale-yellow micellar solution

Odor NA
Odor Threshold NA

**pH** 3-4 (for a 5% aqueous solution)

Melting point/Freezing point NA **Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Point Range** NA **Flash Point** NA **Evaporation Rate** NA Flammability (solid, gas) NA Upper/Lower Flammability or Explosive Limits NA Vapor Pressure NA Vapor Density (Air =1) NA NA **Relative Density Solubility** NA Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water NA **Auto-ignition temperature** NA NA **Decomposition temperature** 

Viscosity

# **Product Name: Amiodarone Hydrochloride Injection**



# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Reactivity** Not determined.

**Chemical Stability** Stable under standard use and storage conditions.

Hazardous Reactions Not determined

Conditions to Avoid Not determined

Incompatibilities Not determined

**Hazardous Decomposition** 

Products

Not determined. During thermal decomposition, it may be possible to generate irritating vapors and/or toxic fumes of carbon oxides (COx), nitrogen oxides (NOx),

hydrogen chloride and hydrogen iodide.

**Hazardous Polymerization** Not anticipated to occur with this product.

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity - Not determined for the product formulation. Information for the ingredients is as follows:

Ingredient(s)	Percent	Test Type	Route of Administration	Value	Units	Species
Amiodarone Hydrochloride	100	LD50	Oral	>3000	mg/kg	Rat
				>3000	mg/kg	Dog
Amiodarone Hydrochloride	100 LI	LD50	Intravenous	170	mg/kg	Rat
1 minodatione 11 y di ociniori de		LD50		5000	mg/kg	Dog
	100	LD50	Oral	1040-2500	mg/kg	Rat
Benzyl Alcohol						Mouse,
						Rabbit,
						Guinea Pig
Daniel Alaskal	100	100   LD50	Intravenous	53	mg/kg	Rat
Benzyl Alcohol	100		Intravenous	324	mg/kg	Mouse
Benzyl Alcohol	100	LD50	Dermal	2000	mg/kg	Rabbit
Benzyl Alcohol	100	LC50	Inhalation	>500	mg/m3	Rat, Mouse
Polysorbate 80	100 I	LD50	Oral	25,000	mg/kg	Mouse
				37,260	mg/kg	Rat

LD 50: Dosage that produces 50% mortality.

**Occupational Exposure** 

**Potential** 

Information on the absorption of this product via inhalation or skin contact is not

available. Avoid liquid aerosol generation and skin contact.

Signs and Symptoms None anticipated from normal handling of this product. In clinical use, adverse effects

may include hypotension, asystole/cardiac arrest/electromechanical dissociation (EMD), cardiogenic shock, congestive heart failure, bradycardia, pulmonary toxicity, liver function test abnormalities, VT, and AV block, alopecia, photosensitivity, hyperthyroidism/hypothyroidism, constipation, altered liver enzyme levels, headache,

 $dizziness, in coordination, and neurological\ disturbances.$ 

**Aspiration Hazard** None anticipated from normal handling of this product.

**Dermal Irritation/ Corrosion** None anticipated from normal handling of this product. Prolonged clinical use of this

product has results in photosensitization manifest primarily as an exaggerated

sunburn-like response to sunlight.

Ocular Irritation/ Corrosion None anticipated from normal handling of this product. Inadvertent contact of this

product with eyes may produce irritation.

**Dermal or Respiratory** 

Sensitization

None anticipated from normal handling of this product.



## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION: continued

**Reproductive Effects**None anticipated from normal handling of this product. Amiodarone hydrochloride

reduced fertility when given orally at a dosage level of 90 mg/kg/day to male and

female rats beginning 9 weeks prior to mating.

In a reproductive study in which amiodarone was given intravenously to rabbits at dosages of 5, 10, or 25 mg/kg per day, maternal deaths occurred in all groups, including controls. Embryotoxicity (as manifested by fewer full-term fetuses and increased resorptions with concomitantly lower litter weights) occurred at dosages of 10 mg/kg and above. No evidence of embryotoxicity was observed at 5 mg/kg and no teratogenicity was observed at any dosage. In a teratology study in which amiodarone was administered by continuous intravenous infusion to rats at dosages of 25, 50, or 100 mg/kg per day, maternal toxicity (as evidenced by reduced weight gain and food consumption) and embryotoxicity (as evidenced by increased resorptions, decreased live litter size, reduced body weights, and retarded sternum and metacarnal

live litter size, reduced body weights, and retarded sternum and metacarpal

ossification) were observed in the 100 mg/kg group.

Mutagenicity Mutagenicity studies conducted with amiodarone HCl (Ames, micronucleus, and

lysogenic induction tests) were negative.

**Carcinogenicity** Oral administration of amiodarone caused a statistically significant, dose-related

increase in the incidence of thyroid tumors (follicular adenoma and/or carcinoma) in rats. The incidence of thyroid tumors in rats was greater than the incidence in controls

at the lowest dose level tested (5 mg/kg/day).

Carcinogen Lists IARC: Not listed NTP: Not listed OSHA: Not listed

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity** 

- Single Exposure

NA

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity** 

- Repeat Exposure

Based on clinical use, possible target organs include the skin, liver, central nervous

system, cardiovascular system, respiratory system, and thyroid.

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Aquatic Toxicity Not determined for product.

LC50(96 hr) = 460 mg/L in Pimephales promelas for benzyl alcohol

LC50 = 640 mg/L in Leuciscus idus for benzyl alcohol

EC50(24 hr) = 400 mg/L in Daphnia magna for benzyl alcohol EC50 = 95 mg/L in Chlorella pyrenoidosa for benzyl alcohol

Persistence/Biodegradability Not determined for product.

Benzyl alcohol was degraded over 90% in a 28-day biodegradation assay in sewage

sludge.

Bioaccumulation Not determined for product.

Mobility in Soil Not determined for product.

Notes:

1. LC50: Concentration in water that produces 50% mortality in fish.

2. EC50: Concentration in water that produces 50% inhibition of growth in algae.

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal All waste materials must be properly characterized. Further, disposal should be

performed in accordance with the federal, state or local regulatory requirements.

**Container Handling and** 

Disposal

Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with federal, state and local

regulations.



# 14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

ADR/ADG/ DOT STATUS Not regulated

Proper Shipping Name NA
Hazard Class NA
UN Number NA
Packing Group NA
Reportable Quantity NA

ICAO/IATA STATUS Not regulated

Proper Shipping Name NA
Hazard Class NA
UN Number NA
Packing Group NA
Reportable Quantity NA

IMDG STATUS Not regulated

Proper Shipping Name NA
Hazard Class NA
UN Number NA
Packing Group NA
Reportable Quantity NA

Notes: DOT - US Department of Transportation Regulations

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Notes: TSCA, Toxic Substance Control Act; CERCLA, US EPA law, Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; SARA, Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; RCRA, US EPA, Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; Prop 65, California Proposition 65

#### **GHS/CLP Classification\***

\*In the EU, classification under GHS/CLP does not apply to certain substances and mixtures, such as medicinal products as defined in Directive 2001/83/EC, which are in the finished state, intended for the final user.

Hazard Class	<b>Hazard Category</b>	Pictogram	Signal Word	<b>Hazard Statement</b>
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

**Prevention** Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Do not breathe vapor or spray

Wash hands thoroughly after handling

Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace

**Response** Get medical attention if you feel unwell.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists, get medical attention.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical

advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.



# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION: continued

**EU Classification**\* \*Medicinal products are exempt from the requirements of the EU Dangerous

Preparations Directive.

Classification(s) NA
Symbol NA
Indication of Danger NA
Risk Phrases NA

Safety Phrases S23: Do not breathe vapor/spray

S24: Avoid contact with the skin S25: Avoid contact with eyes

S37/39 Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection.

### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

#### Notes:

ACGIH TLV American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists – Threshold Limit Value

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service Number

CERCLA US EPA law, Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

DOT US Department of Transportation Regulations

EEL Employee Exposure Limit

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{IATA} & \text{International Air Transport Association} \\ \text{LD}_{50} & \text{Dosage producing 50\% mortality} \\ \text{NA} & \text{Not applicable/Not available} \\ \end{array}$ 

NE Not established

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

OSHA PEL US Occupational Safety and Health Administration – Permissible Exposure Limit

Prop 65 California Proposition 65

RCRA US EPA, Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
RTECS Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
SARA Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

STEL 15-minute Short Term Exposure Limit

STOT - SE Specific Target Organ Toxicity – Single Exposure STOT - RE Specific Target Organ Toxicity – Repeated Exposure

TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act
TWA 8-hour Time Weighted Average

MSDS Coordinator: Hospira GEHS
Date Prepared: October 17, 2012
Date Revised: June 02, 2014

#### Disclaimer:

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